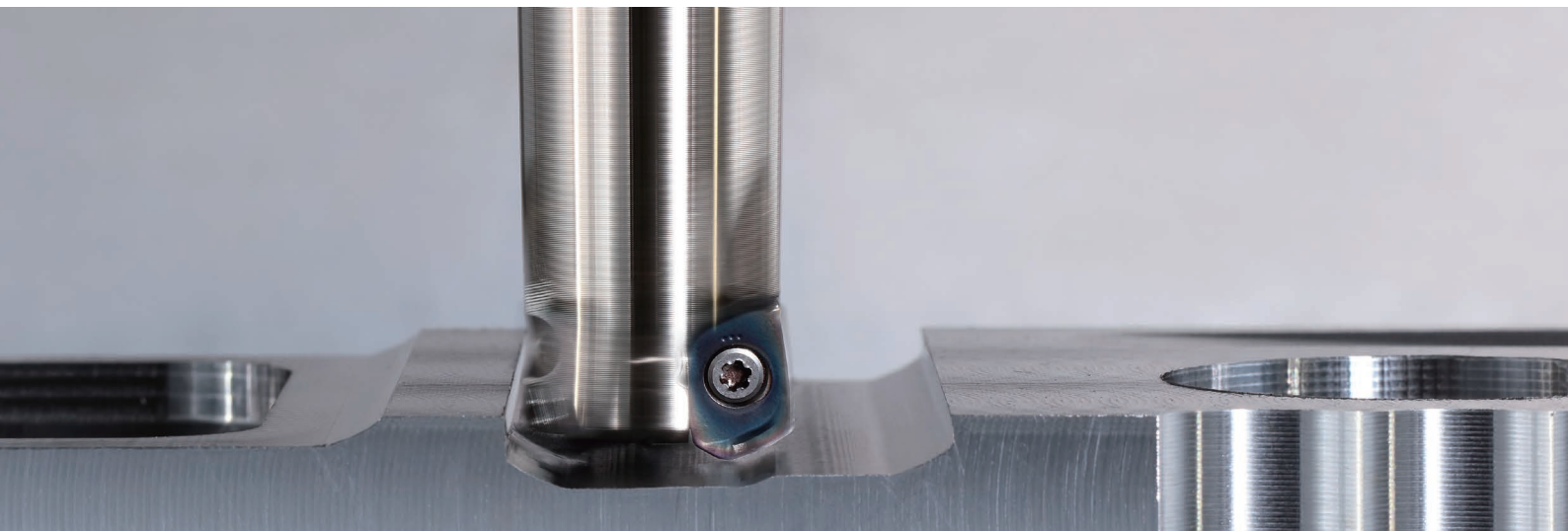


MFH Boost



High feed milling with larger depths of cut

High feed end mills with cutting dia. available from $\varnothing 22$ and up to 2.5 mm depth of cut

Excellent performance in a wide range of applications, including automotive parts, difficult-to-cut materials, and molds



High feed and large depth of cut milling

MFH Boost

New addition to the MFH Series - High feed plus large D.O.C. for greater milling capabilities
Excellent performance in a wide range of applications, including automotive parts, difficult-to-cut materials, and molds

Video



1

High feed milling with large depth of cut capabilities

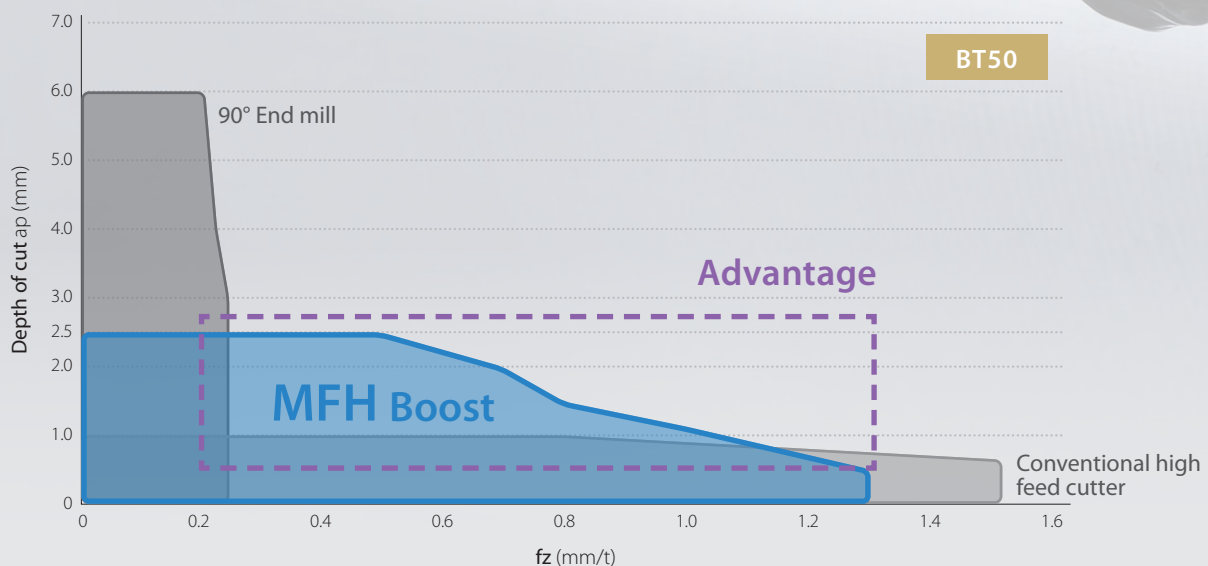
A small 04 size insert (4-edge, double-sided insert) supports depths of cut up to 2.5 mm with cutting dia. available from $\varnothing 22$ mm.

Achieves high efficiency machining in various shouldering, slotting, helical milling, and ramping applications.

4-edge, double-sided insert

Max. depth of cut
2.5 mm

MFH Boost Advantage



$V_c = 150$ m/min, $a_e = 12.5$ mm ($a_e/DCX = 50\%$), C50, dry, $\varnothing 25$, overhang length 60 mm, BT50

New value with 2.5 mm max. depth of cut

- 1 Provides a better alternative to conventional 90° end mills
(Roughing to medium-finishing)



Automotive suspension parts

Automotive parts

General steel machining

- Increased productivity with large D.O.C. machining
- High reliability in unstable machining environments
Long overhang length and better clamping rigidity
Stable machining with low rigidity machines
- High-efficiency ramping
Large ramping angle (Small dia. $\varnothing 25\text{mm}$: 3°)
Dramatic efficiency improvement when ramping in pockets
- Longer tool life with high-efficiency machining

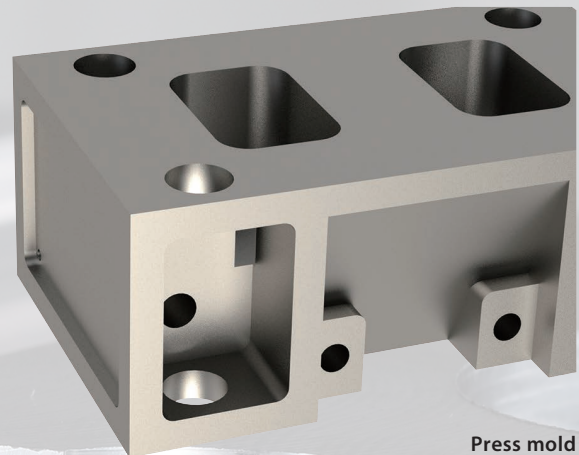
- 2 Provides a greater solution than conventional high feed cutters

General parts/mold (High roughing/facing)

General parts, pressing and die casting

- Higher productivity with large D.O.C.
- Long tool life and improved efficiency through the reduction of tool paths
Reduced machining time when machining workpieces with large variations in machining margins
- Longer tool life with high-efficiency machining

*MFH Mini/Harrier recommended for contouring with small depth of cut and high feed



Press mold

- 3 Solutions for machining difficult-to-cut materials



Aircraft landing gear parts

Aircraft/energy industry parts

Difficult-to-cut materials such as titanium alloy and stainless steel machining

- High feed rates increase productivity
- Long tool life through the reduction of tool paths
- Good combination with heat-resistant grade PR1535 provides long tool life and stable machining

Improving productivity and reducing machining costs

2

Available for a variety of machining applications and environments

1

Solutions for 90° end mills (Rough to medium-finish machining)

High feed rates dramatically improve machining efficiency

Machining efficiency simulation example

Pocketing: $V_c = 150$ m/min, $a_e = 12.5$ mm

MFH Boost

ø 25 (3 Inserts)

100 cc/min

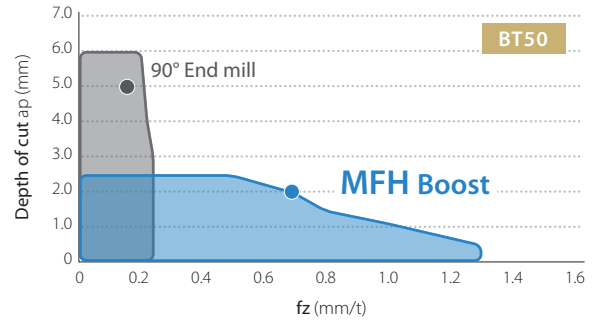
$a_p = 2.0$ mm, $f_z = 0.7$ mm/t

Conventional
90° end mill
ø 25 (3 Inserts)

54 cc/min

$a_p = 5.0$ mm, $f_z = 0.15$ mm/t

Machining
efficiency
x 1.8



High efficiency and good tool life

Machining efficiency and cutting edge condition comparison (Internal evaluation)

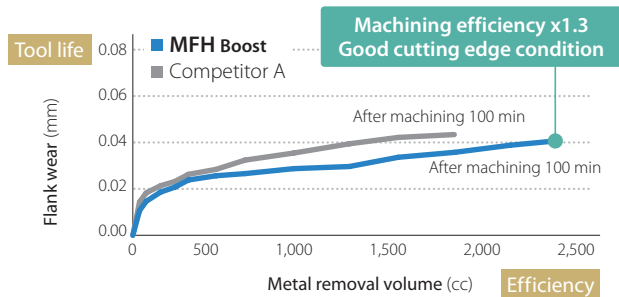
Cutting edge condition after 100 min machining

MFH Boost

$a_p = 1.6$ mm, $f_z = 0.6$ mm/t

Competitor A 90° end mill

$a_p = 5.0$ mm, $f_z = 0.15$ mm/t



$V_c = 150$ m/min, $a_e = 12.5$ mm, dry, 42CrMo4, ø 25 (1 Insert) BT50

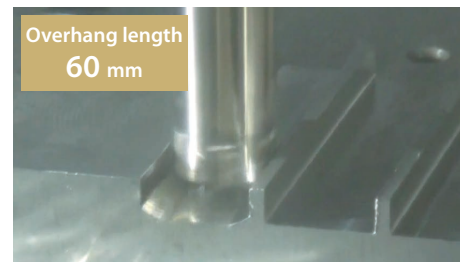
High stability in unstable machining environment

Chatter resistance comparison (Internal evaluation)

Slotting

ø 25 (3 Inserts)
External air
C50
BT50

Video



Machining efficiency

MFH Boost

103 cc/min

$V_c = 120$ m/min, $a_p = 1.5$ mm, $f_z = 0.6$ mm/t

Machining
efficiency
x 4.5

Competitor A
90° End Mill

31 cc/min

$V_c = 80$ m/min, $a_p = 2$ mm, $f_z = 0.2$ mm/t

23 cc/min

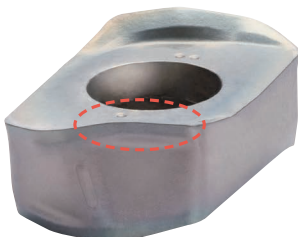
$V_c = 80$ m/min, $a_p = 2$ mm, $f_z = 0.15$ mm/t

Chattering (Machining was impossible)

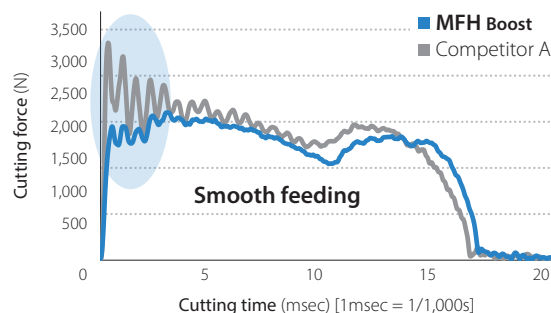
High efficiency and stable machining designs

Kyocera's original technology

Convex cutting edge design reduces impact when entering workpiece



Cutting force when entering workpiece (Internal evaluation)



$V_c = 150$ m/min, $a_p = 2.0$ mm, $a_e = 25$ mm, $f_z = 0.7$ mm/t, dry, C50, ø 50 (1 Insert), BT50

2 Better solution than conventional high feed cutters

Large D.O.C. dramatically improves machining efficiency

Machining efficiency simulation example

Multistage machining (Depth 30 mm): $V_c = 150$ m/min, $a_e = 12.5$ mm

MFH Boost
ø 25 (3 Inserts)

100 cc/min

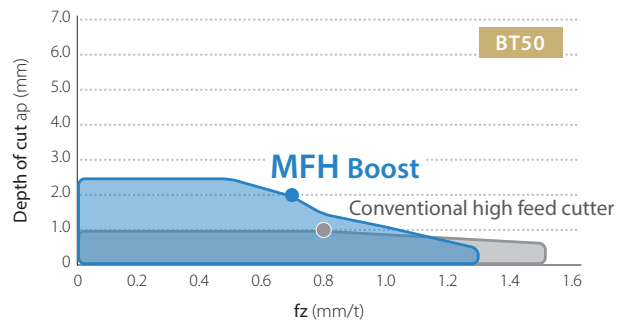
$a_p = 2.0$ mm, $f_z = 0.7$ mm/t

Machining
efficiency
x 1.3

Conventional
high feed cutter
ø 25 (3 Inserts)

76 cc/min

$a_p = 1.0$ mm, $f_z = 0.8$ mm/t



High efficiency and good tool life

Machining efficiency and cutting edge condition comparison (Internal evaluation)

Cutting edge condition after 100 min machining

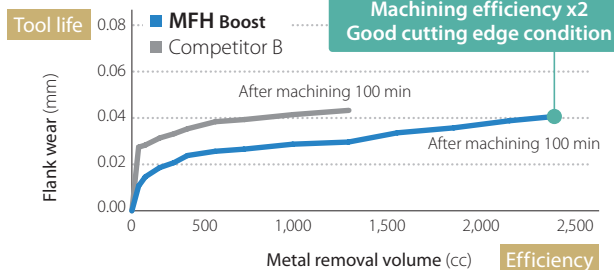
MFH Boost

$a_p = 1.6$ mm, $f_z = 0.6$ mm/t



Competitor B High feed type

$a_p = 0.8$ mm, $f_z = 0.6$ mm/t



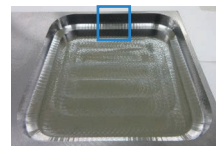
$V_c = 150$ m/min, $a_e = 12.5$ mm, dry, 42CrMo4, ø 25 (1 Insert), BT50

Excellent wall accuracy

Machining efficiency and wall accuracy comparison (Internal evaluation)

Pocketing (Depth 12mm)

MFH Boost
ø 25 (3 Inserts)



$a_p = 1.5$ mm x 8 passes
 $Q = 115$ cc/min

Cutting conditions: $V_c = 200$ m/min, $a_e = 12.5$ mm, $f_z = 0.8$ mm/t, dry, C50, BT50

Competitor B High feed type
ø 25 (4 Inserts)



$a_p = 0.8$ mm x 15 passes
 $Q = 81$ cc/min



Superior wall accuracy



Wiper on outer
periphery

Reduction of wall level variation
in multi-pass machining

3 Solutions for machining difficult-to-cut materials

Dramatic improvement in machining efficiency with titanium alloy, stainless steel machining, etc.

Machining efficiency comparison (Internal evaluation)

Titanium alloy pocketing (Depth 6 mm)

MFH Boost

Approx. 1' 30"

$a_p = 1.5$ mm x 4 passes ($f_z = \sim 0.35$ mm/t)

Machining
efficiency
x 1.8

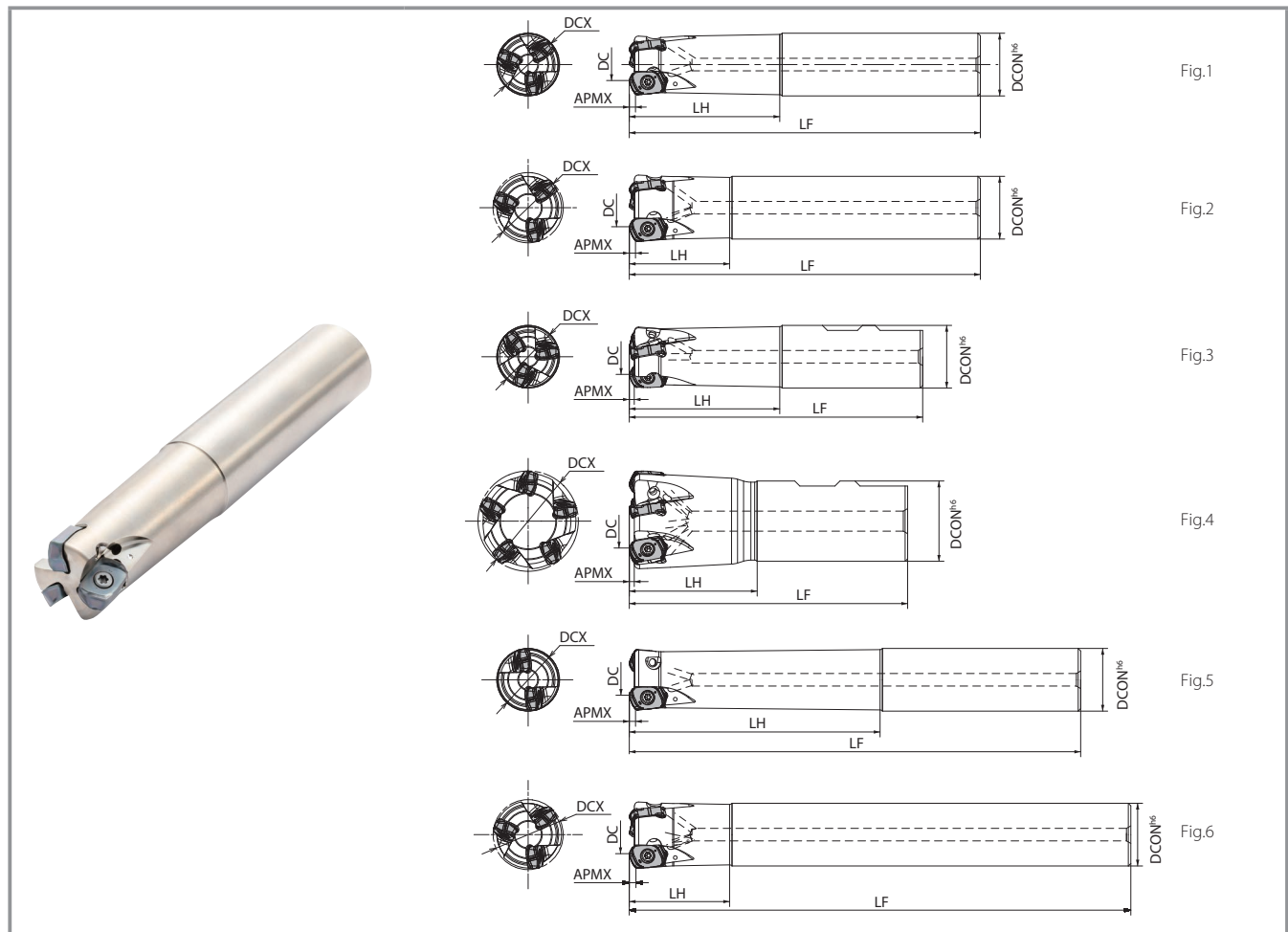
Competitor C
High feed type

Approx. 2' 50"

$a_p = 0.6$ mm x 10 passes ($f_z = \sim 0.4$ mm/t)

$V_c = 50$ m/min, $a_e = 12.5$ mm ($a_e/DCX = 50\%$), Ramping angle 3°, Ti-6Al-4V, wet, ø 25 (3 inserts), BT50





Toolholder dimensions

Shank	Description		Availability	No. of inserts	Dimensions (mm)					Rake angle		Coolant hole	Shape	Weight (kg)	Max. revolution (min ⁻¹)
					DCX	DC	DCON	LH	LF	APMX	A.R.				
Standard (Straight)	MFH	25-S25-04-2T	●	2	25	14	25	60	140	2.5	-10°	Yes	Fig.1	0.5	12,700
		25-S25-04-3T	●	3										0.5	
		32-S32-04-4T	●	4	32	21	32	70	150					0.8	11,200
		32-S32-04-5T	●	5										0.8	
		Over Size (Straight)	MFH	22-S20-04-2T	●	2	22	11	20					30	130
28-S25-04-3T	●			3	28	17	25	40	140	0.5	12,000				
28-S25-04-4T	●			4										0.5	
35-S32-04-4T	●			35	24	32	50	150	0.8	10,700					
35-S32-04-5T	●								5		0.8				
40-S32-04-5T	●			40	29				0.9	10,000					
40-S32-04-6T	●								6		0.9				
Standard (Weldon)	MFH			25-W25-04-2T	●	2	25	14	25	60	117	2.5	-10°	Yes	Fig.3
		25-W25-04-3T	●	3											
		32-W32-04-4T	●	4	32	21	70	131	0.7	11,200					
		32-W32-04-5T	●	5											
		40-W32-04-5T	●	40	29	50	111	Fig.4	0.7	10,000					
		40-W32-04-6T	●						6						
		Long Shank (Straight)	MFH	25-S25-04-2T-180	●	2	25	14	25	100	180				2.5
25-S25-04-3T-180	●			3									0.6		
28-S25-04-3T-200	●			32	21	120	200	0.7	12,000						
32-S32-04-4T-200	●							4			1.1	11,200			
35-S32-04-4T-200	●			32	24	50	250	Fig.6	1.1	10,700					
40-S32-04-5T-250	●								5	40	29	1.5	10,000		

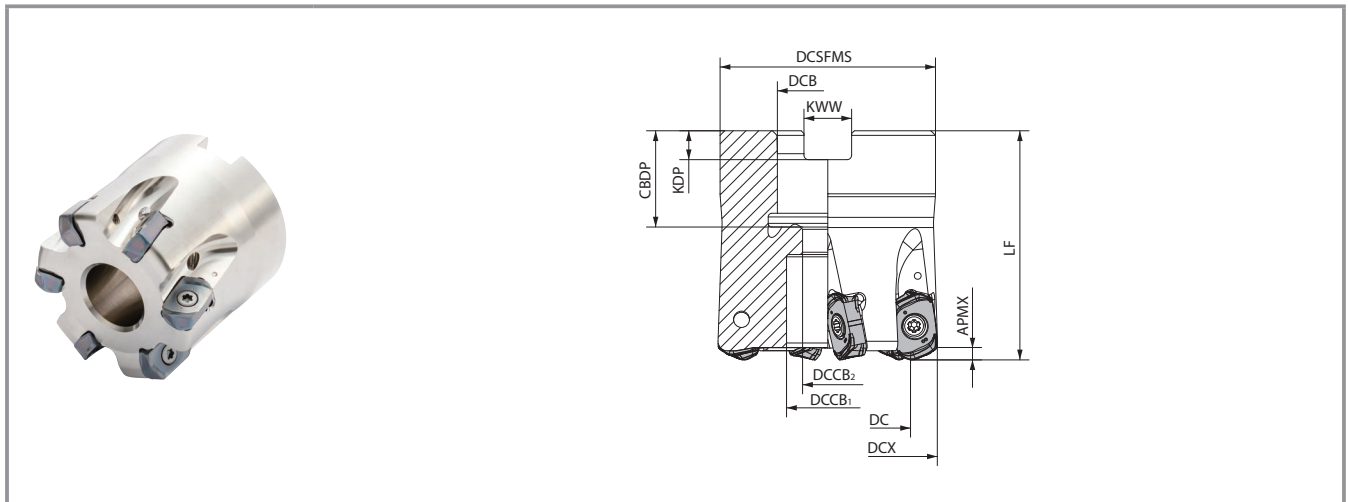
Caution with max. revolution

Set the number of revolutions per minute within the recommended cutting speed specified by the workpiece on back cover.

Do not use the end mill or cutter at the maximum revolution or higher since the centrifugal force may cause chips and parts to scatter even under no load.

● : Available

MFH Boost Face mill



Toolholder dimensions

Description		Availability	No. of inserts	Dimensions (mm)										Rake angle		Coolant hole	Weight (kg)	Max. revolution (min ⁻¹)																
				DCX	DC	DCSFMS	DCB	DCCB ₁	DCCB ₂	LF	CBDP	KDP	KWW	APMX	A.R.																			
MFH	040R-04-5T-M	●	5	40	29	38	16	15	9	40	19	5.6	8.4	2.5	-10°	Yes	0.2	10,000																
	040R-04-6T-M	●	6														0.2																	
	050R-04-6T-M	●	6	50	39	47	22	18	11	50	21	6.3	10.4				0.4	9,000																
	050R-04-7T-M	●															7		0.4															
	052R-04-6T-M	●	6	52	41												60	27	20	13	63	24	7.0	12.4	0.5	8,800								
	052R-04-7T-M	●	7																						0.4									
	063R-04-7T-M	●	9	63	52																				60	27	20	13	63	24	7.0	12.4	0.8	8,000
	063R-04-9T-M	●																															0.8	
	063R-04-7T-27M	●				7	0.8																											
	063R-04-9T-27M	●	9			0.7																												
	080R-04-8T-M	●	8	80	69	76	27	20	13	63	24	7.0	12.4				1.8	7,100																
	080R-04-10T-M	●	10														1.7																	




Caution with max. revolution

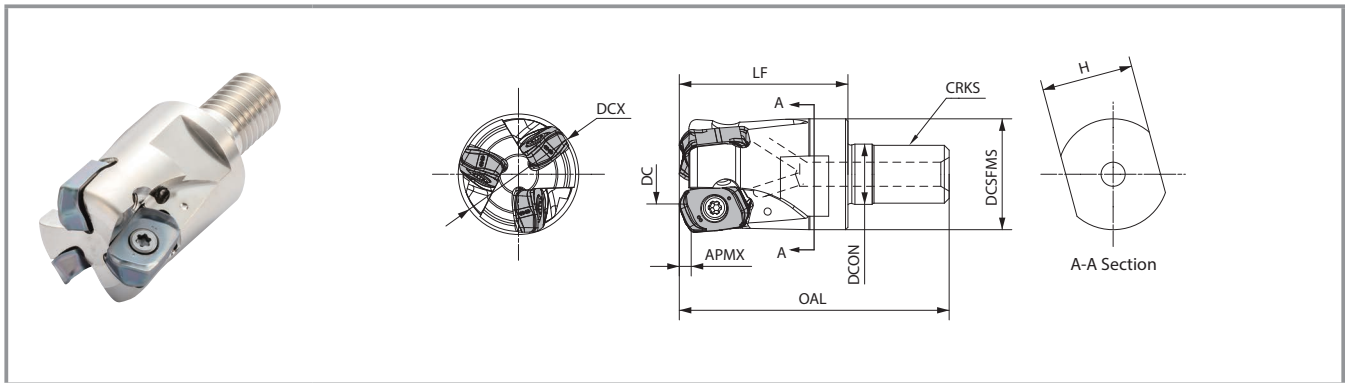
Set the number of revolutions per minute within the recommended cutting speed specified by the workpiece on back cover.

Do not use the end mill or cutter at the maximum revolution or higher since the centrifugal force may cause chips and parts to scatter even under no load.

● : Available

Parts

Description	Parts		
	Clamp screw	Wrench	Anti-seize compound
			
MFH ...-04...	SB-3575TRP	DTPM-10	P-37
	Recommended torque for insert clamp 2.0N · m		



Toolholder dimensions

Description		Availability	No. of inserts	Dimensions (mm)								Rake angle		Coolant hole	Max. revolution (min ⁻¹)
				DCX	DC	DCSFMS	DCON	OAL	LF	CRKS	H	APMX	A.R.		
MFH	22-M10-04-2T	●	2	22	11	18.7	10.5	48	30	M10XP1.5	15	2.5	-10°	Yes	13,600
	25-M12-04-2T	●		25	14	23	12.5	56	35	M12XP1.75	19				12,700
	25-M12-04-3T	●	3												28
	28-M12-04-3T	●		4	32										
	28-M12-04-4T	●	5			35	24	10,700							
	32-M16-04-4T	●		5	40			29	10,000						
	32-M16-04-5T	●	6			42	31		9,800						
	35-M16-04-4T	●		5	42			31	9,800						
	35-M16-04-5T	●	6			42	31		9,800						
	40-M16-04-5T	●		6	42			31	9,800						
	40-M16-04-6T	●	6			42	31		9,800						
	42-M16-04-5T	●		6	42			31	9,800						
42-M16-04-6T	●	6	42			31	9,800								


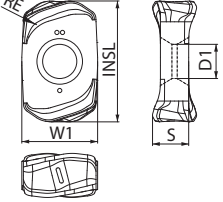
Caution with max. revolution

Set the number of revolutions per minute within the recommended cutting speed specified by the workpiece on back cover.

Do not use the end mill or cutter at the maximum revolution or higher since the centrifugal force may cause chips and parts to scatter even under no load.

● : Available

Applicable inserts

Shape	Description	Dimensions (mm)					MEGACOAT NANO			CVD Coating
		W1	S	D1	INSL	RE	PR1535	PR1525	PR1510	CA6535
 4-edge, Double-sided insert	 LOMU 040410ER-GM	9.1	4.4	4.1	14.5	1.0	●	●	●	●

● : Available

Insert grade:

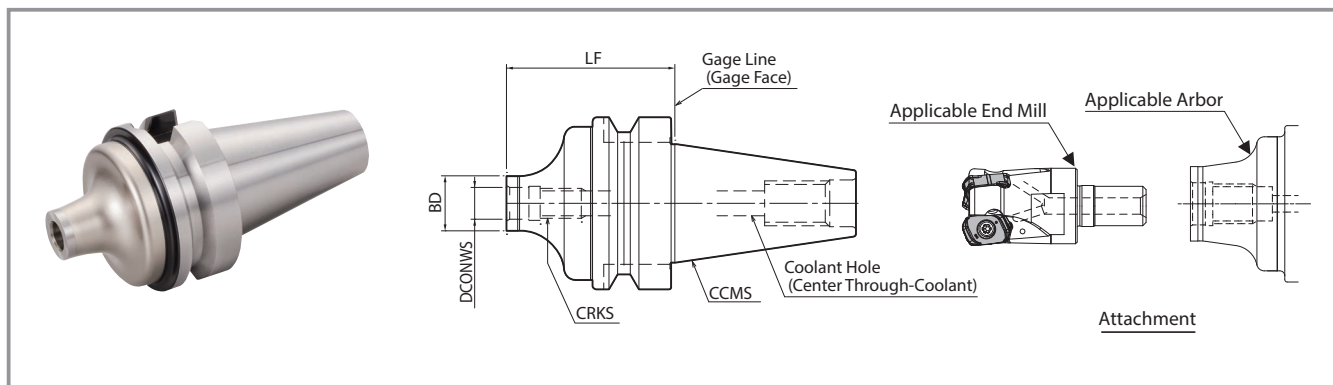
PR1535 For steel machining (Stable machining oriented), titanium alloy, austenitic/precipitation hardening stainless steel, etc.

PR1525 For steel machining (General use)

PR1510 For cast iron machining

CA6535 For martensitic stainless steel, Ni-base heat resistant alloy, etc.

BT Arbor (for exchangeable head/two face contact)



Dimension

Description	Availability	Dimensions (mm)				Coolant hole	Arbor (Two-face clamping)	Applicable end mill (Head)
		LF	BD	DCONWS	CRKS		CCMS	
BT30K- M10-45	●	45	18.7	10.5	M10×P1.5	Yes	BT30	MFH...-M10-..
M12-45	●	45	23	12.5	M12×P1.75			MFH...-M12-..
BT40K- M10-60	●	60	18.7	10.5	M10×P1.5	Yes	BT40	MFH...-M10-..
M12-55	●	55	23	12.5	M12×P1.75			MFH...-M12-..
M16-65	●	65	30	17	M16×P2.0			MFH...-M16-..

● : Available

Actual end mill depth

Arbor description	Applicable end mill (Head)			Actual end mill depth(mm)
	Description	Cutting dia.(mm)	Dimension(mm)	
		DC	LF	LUX
BT30K- M10-45	MFH22-M10...	22	30	39.2
	MFH25-M12...	25	35	42.8
	MFH28-M12...	28	35	45.5
BT40K- M10-60	MFH22-M10...	22	30	44.5
	MFH25-M12...	25	35	44.6
	MFH28-M12...	28	35	47.6
M16-65	MFH32-M16...	32	40	51.2
	MFH35-M16...	35	40	60.2
	MFH40-M16...	40	40	64.0
	MFH42-M16...	42	40	64.0

MFH Series Large lineup for various applications and machining environments

Small diameter/
Large depth of cut



MFH Boost
ø22 ~ ø80

Micro diameter



MFH Micro
ø8 ~ ø16

Small diameter/
Fine pitch type

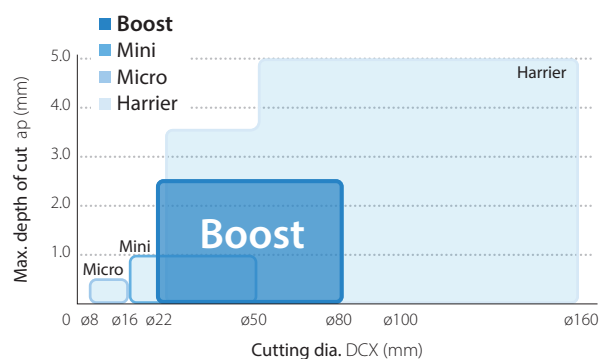


MFH Mini
ø16 ~ ø50

Large diameter



MFH Harrier
ø25 ~ ø160



Recommended cutting conditions ★ 1st recommendation ☆ 2nd recommendation

Chipbreaker	Workpiece	Toolholder description and feed (fz: mm/t)		Recommended insert grade (Vc: m/min)			
		ap(mm)	MFH...04...	MEGACOAT NANO			CVD Coating
				PR1535	PR1525	PR1510	CA6535
GM	Carbon steel (~ 280HB)	≤ 0.5	0.20 – 0.80 – 1.30	☆ 120 – 160 – 220	★ 120 – 160 – 220	–	–
		≤ 1.0	0.20 – 0.70 – 1.10				
		≤ 1.5	0.20 – 0.60 – 0.80				
		≤ 2.0	0.20 – 0.40 – 0.70				
		≤ 2.5	0.20 – 0.30 – 0.50				
	Alloy steel (~ 350HB)	≤ 0.5	0.20 – 0.75 – 1.20	☆ 100 – 150 – 200 (Dry machining recommended)	★ 100 – 150 – 200 (Dry machining recommended)	–	–
		≤ 1.0	0.20 – 0.65 – 1.00				
		≤ 1.5	0.20 – 0.55 – 0.70				
		≤ 2.0	0.20 – 0.40 – 0.55				
		≤ 2.5	0.20 – 0.25 – 0.35				
	(~ 40HRC)	≤ 0.5	0.20 – 0.60 – 1.10	☆ 80 – 120 – 160 (Dry machining recommended)	★ 80 – 120 – 160 (Dry machining recommended)	–	–
		≤ 1.0	0.20 – 0.50 – 0.90				
		≤ 1.5	0.20 – 0.40 – 0.65				
		≤ 2.0	0.20 – 0.30 – 0.55				
		≤ 2.5	0.20 – 0.25 – 0.35				
	Mold steel (40 ~ 50HRC)	≤ 0.5	0.10 – 0.30 – 0.50	–	★ 60 – 100 – 130 (Dry machining recommended)	–	–
		≤ 1.0	0.10 – 0.25 – 0.40				
		≤ 1.5	0.10 – 0.20 – 0.30				
		≤ 2.0	–				
		≤ 2.5	–				
	(50 ~ 55HRC)	≤ 0.5	0.10 – 0.20 – 0.40	–	★ 50 – 70 – 100 (Dry machining recommended)	–	–
		≤ 1.0	0.10 – 0.15 – 0.25				
		≤ 1.5	–				
		≤ 2.0	–				
		≤ 2.5	–				
	Austenitic stainless steel	≤ 0.5	0.20 – 0.60 – 1.00	★ 100 – 140 – 180	☆ 100 – 140 – 180	–	–
		≤ 1.0	0.20 – 0.50 – 0.90				
		≤ 1.5	0.20 – 0.45 – 0.60				
		≤ 2.0	0.20 – 0.30 – 0.50				
		≤ 2.5	0.20 – 0.25 – 0.40				
	Martensitic stainless steel	≤ 0.5	0.20 – 0.60 – 1.00	☆ 100 – 150 – 200	–	–	★ 150 – 200 – 300
		≤ 1.0	0.20 – 0.50 – 0.90				
		≤ 1.5	0.20 – 0.45 – 0.60				
		≤ 2.0	0.20 – 0.30 – 0.50				
		≤ 2.5	0.20 – 0.25 – 0.40				
	Precipitation hardened stainless steel	≤ 0.5	0.10 – 0.30 – 0.50	★ 90 – 120 – 150	–	–	–
		≤ 1.0	0.10 – 0.25 – 0.45				
		≤ 1.5	0.10 – 0.15 – 0.25				
		≤ 2.0	–				
		≤ 2.5	–				
	Gray cast iron	≤ 0.5	0.20 – 0.80 – 1.30	–	–	★ 120 – 160 – 220	–
		≤ 1.0	0.20 – 0.70 – 1.10				
		≤ 1.5	0.20 – 0.60 – 0.80				
		≤ 2.0	0.20 – 0.40 – 0.70				
		≤ 2.5	0.20 – 0.30 – 0.50				
	Nodular cast iron	≤ 0.5	0.20 – 0.60 – 1.00	–	–	★ 100 – 150 – 200	–
		≤ 1.0	0.20 – 0.50 – 0.90				
		≤ 1.5	0.20 – 0.40 – 0.70				
		≤ 2.0	0.20 – 0.30 – 0.60				
		≤ 2.5	0.20 – 0.25 – 0.40				
	Ni-base heat-resistant alloy	≤ 0.5	0.10 – 0.30 – 0.45	☆ 20 – 30 – 50	–	–	★ 20 – 30 – 50
		≤ 1.0	0.10 – 0.25 – 0.40				
		≤ 1.5	0.10 – 0.15 – 0.20				
		≤ 2.0	–				
		≤ 2.5	–				
	Titanium alloy	≤ 0.5	0.10 – 0.30 – 0.50	★ 40 – 60 – 80	–	–	–
		≤ 1.0	0.10 – 0.25 – 0.45				
		≤ 1.5	0.10 – 0.15 – 0.25				
		≤ 2.0	–				
		≤ 2.5	–				

- The number in **bold font** is recommended starting conditions. Adjust the cutting speed and the feed rate within the above conditions according to the actual machining situation.
- Machining with coolant is recommended for precipitation hardened stainless steel, Ni-base heat-resistant alloy and titanium alloy.
- Wet machining may have a lower tool life than dry machining. Set the cutting speed, feed rate and D.O.C. lower than recommended conditions.
- Machining with BT30 or equivalent, feed rate should be reduced to 80% or less of recommended cutting conditions. Slotting is not recommended.
- Center through air is recommended for slotting.
- Slotting or pocketing are not recommended for face mill type.
- For face mill type cutters, it is recommended that width of cut should be set to 75% or less of the cutting diameter.
- It is recommended to set the long shank to 75% or less of the recommended conditions for both ap and feed.

Precautions

■ Approximate programming radius adjustment

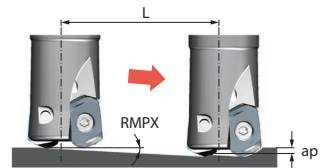
Shape	Programmable R (mm)	Over machined radius portion (mm)	Non-machined portion (mm)
	1.5	0	1.42
	2.0	0	1.24
	3.0 (Recommended)	0	0.87
	3.5	0.06	0.69

■ Ramping tips

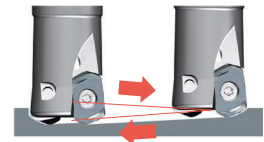
- Ramping angle should be under RMPX
- Reduce recommended feed rate in cutting conditions above by 70%

Formula for max. cutting Length (L) at max. ramping angle

$$L = \frac{ap}{\tan RMPX}$$



- When ramping both forth and back direction alternately, set the maximum ramping angle RMPX to 50%.



■ Ramping reference table

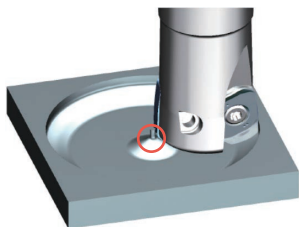
Description	Cutter dia. DCX (mm)	22	25	28	32	35	40	42	50	52	63	80
MFH...-04-...	Max. ramping angle RMPX	3.9°	3.0°	2.4°	2.0°	1.7°	1.4°	1.3°	1.0°	1.0°	0.8°	0.6°
	tan RMPX	0.068	0.052	0.042	0.035	0.029	0.024	0.022	0.018	0.017	0.013	0.010

■ Helical milling tips

- For helical milling, use between min. cutting dia. and max. cutting dia.

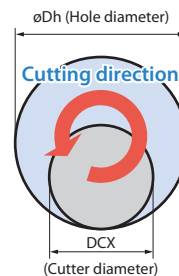
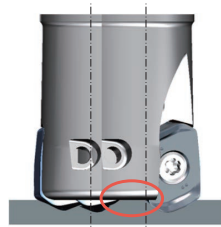
⊘ Exceeding max. machining dia.

Center core remains after machining



⊘ Under min. machining dia.

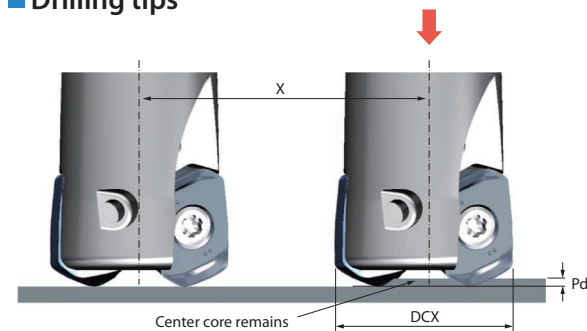
Center core hits holder body



Description	Min. cutting dia. (mm)	Max. cutting dia. (mm)
MFH...-04-...	2×DCX-11	2×DCX-2

- Maximum ramping depth per cycle to be under maximum D.O.C. ap (2.5 mm)
- Use climb milling. (Refer to the above figure)
- Feed rates should be reduced to 50% of recommended cutting conditions
- Use caution to eliminate incidences caused by producing long chips

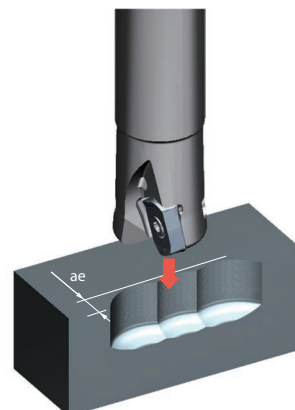
■ Drilling tips



Description	GM type	
	Max. drilling depth Pd (mm)	Min. cutting length X for flat bottom surface (mm)
MFH...-04-...	0.6	DCX-12

- It is recommended to reduce feed by 25% of recommendation until the center core is removed
- Axial feed rate recommendation per revolution is $f \leq 0.2 \text{ mm/rev}$

■ Plunging




Insert description	Maximum width of cut (ae)
LOMU04 Type	5.0 mm

- Reduce feed rate to $fz \leq 0.2 \text{ mm/t}$ when plunging

Fast, strong, and efficient

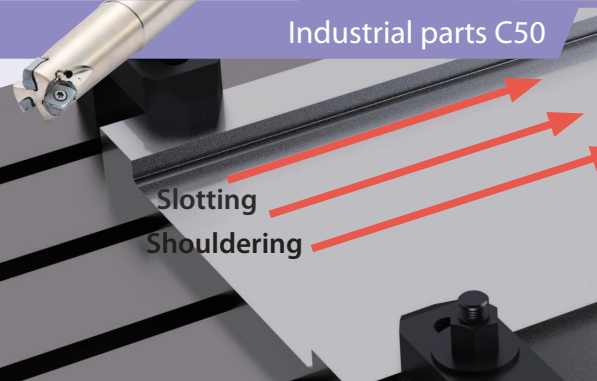
Valve parts 42CrMo4 $V_c = 180 \text{ m/min}$, $a_p \times a_e = 1.5 \times 32 \text{ mm}$, $f_z = 0.35 \text{ mm/t}$, BT50



Tool	Material	Q (cc/min)	Machining efficiency
MFH Boost ø 32 (4 Inserts)	42CrMo4	132	x 3.5
Conventional A High feed type ø 32 (3 Inserts)	42CrMo4	38	

The MFH Boost achieved a 3.5 times higher machining efficiency than the conventional tool **by increasing the D.O.C. and number of inserts.**
Even with 90 mm overhang portion, $a_p = 1.5 \text{ mm}$ large D.O.C. machining is possible.

Industrial parts C50 $V_c = 150 \text{ m/min}$, $a_p \times a_e = 1.0 \times \sim 20 \text{ mm}$, $f_z = 0.36 \text{ mm/t}$, BT40



Tool	Material	Q (cc/min)	Machining efficiency
MFH Boost ø 25 (3 Inserts)	C50	42	x 3.2
Competitor D 90° End mill ø 25 (2 Inserts)	C50	13	

The MFH Boost achieved a 3.2 times higher machining efficiency than the competitor **by increasing cutting speed, feed, and number of inserts.**
There is no problem with the value of the load meter when increasing to the cutting conditions above.

Mold parts prehardened steel $V_c = 120 \text{ m/min}$, $a_p \times a_e = 1.5 \times 30 \text{ mm}$, $f_z = 0.7 \text{ mm/t}$, Internal air



Tool	Material	Q (cc/min)	Machining efficiency
MFH Boost ø 50 (7 Inserts)	Prehardened steel	192	x 1.4
Competitor E High feed type ø 50 (7 Inserts)	Prehardened steel	140	

The MFH Boost provides a low cutting forces **even when the feed and a_p are increased** and achieves a 1.4 times higher machining efficiency than the competitor.
Even when machining where the depth of cut is doubled, distortion is equivalent to competitor E.

(User evaluation)